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Compare the two sentences: what do we emphasise in each sentence?

1. Ridley Scott **directed** *Gladiator*

2. *Gladiator* **was directed** by Ridley Scott

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1. Ridley Scott **directed** *Gladiator* = emphasis on the *director*

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- We can often say things in two ways: the **active** and the **passive voice**.
Example: *Gladiator* **was directed** by Ridley Scott. (= we want to focus more on the **film**)
Ridley Scott **directed** *Gladiator*. (= we want to focus more on the **director**)

What is the structure in the two sentences?

A **They** shoot a lot of films on location = **P** A lot of films **are shot** on location

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A They are repairing **the car**. = P

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Read the sentences in the chart below, turn them into **passive**:

It is said that / he is thought to ..., etc.

active

- 1 They say that the fire was started deliberately.
People think that the mayor will resign.
- 2 People say the man is in his 40s.
The police believe he has left the country.

passive

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Blank area for writing the passive sentences.

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Empty box for student answers.

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- This structure is (*formal / informal*) and is used especially in news reports and on TV with the verbs,,, **tell, understand, report, expect**.
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Look at the sentences in the table and write the verb tense

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1. A lot of films **are shot** on location. (Present Simple – Passive)
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P The director died when the film **was being made**.
Past Continuous – Passive: 3 verbs

A They **will pick** you up.
Future with *will* – Active: _____

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Future with *will* – Passive: _____

Look at the sentences in the table and write the verb tense

The passive voice

1. A lot of films **are shot** on location. (Present Simple – Passive)
When **is** your car **being repaired**? (Present Continuous – Passive)
Andy's bike **has been stolen**. (Present Perfect – Passive)
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2. The new concert hall **will be opened** **by** the Queen.
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Look at the sentences below and count the verbs:

O = S + be + past participle + (by....)

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Present Simple – Passive: 2 verbs

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Present Continuous – Active: 2 verbs

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