

General information			
Academic subject	Principles of plant physiology		
	(I.C. Principle	es of plant phy	ysiology and genetics)
Degree course	Food Science	e and Technolo	ogy (L26)
Academic Year	First		
European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System			3 ECTS
(ECTS)			
Language	Italian		
Academic calendar (starting and ending		March 13 th , 2023 – June 16 th , 2023	
date)			
Attendance	Not compuls	sory	

Professor/ Lecturer	
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Department and address	DIP. DISSPA – Università degli Studi di Bari
Virtual headquarters	Microsoft teams
Tutoring (time and day)	From Monday to Friday, by appointment

Syllabus		
Learning Objectives	The course aims to provide basic knowledge on the plant physiology, on the	
	environmental factors regulating plant growth and development, as well as on the	
	relationships between plant physiology and crop production quality.	
Course prerequisites	Basic knowledge of biology.	
Contents	Plant cell	
	Cellular organization, structural and functional traits of cell wall, membranes and	
	organelles.	
	Principles of plant histology and anatomy	
	Morphology and anatomy of root, stem and leaf in monocots and dicots.	
	Water cycle in the soil-plant-atmosphere system	
	Diffusion, osmosis and mass flow; water potential of plant cells and its	
	components; water in soil; water uptake and transport inside plants; radical	
	pressure; transpiration and its regulation.	
	Mineral nutrition and solute transport	
	Essential, accessory and toxic elements; nutrient deficiencies and strategies to	
	overcome them; rhizosphere; plant symbiosis with mycorrhizal fungi and nitrogen-	
	fixing bacteria. Electrochemical potential of solutes; membrane potential; passive	
	and active (primary and secondary) transport of solutes across the cell membrane;	
	solute movement through symplast, apoplast and trans-membrane way.	
	Translocation in the phloem	
	Definition of source and sink; phloem sap composition; pressure-flow model;	
	phloem loading and unloading.	
	Plant hormones and regulation of the plant growth	
	Role of auxin, gibberellin, cytokinin, ethylene and abscisic acid in the regulation of	
	plant growth and development.	
	Plant responses to abiotic stresses	
	Definition of adaptation and acclimation; plant defence mechanisms against	
	stress induced by ariaity/wateriogging, iow/nign temperatures, element	
Deales and biblis manks	unbalances in soil. Role of secondary metabolites in plant responses to stress.	
Books and bibliography	• Taiz L., Zeiger E. Plant Physiology. Fourth Edition. Sinauer Associates Inc., 2006.	



Consiglio di Interclasse L-26 e LM-70

Additional materials	Notes of lectures, as well as slides and other bibliographic materials provided by
	the Professor during the course.

Work schedule				
Total	Lectures		Hands on (Laboratory, working groups, seminars, field trips)	Out-of-class study hours/Self-study hours
Hours	T			
75	16		14	45
ECTS	-			
3	2		1	
Teaching strateg	SY	Topics w and labo material downloa	ill be illustrated by means of Power Point presenta ratory exercises. Copies of all Power Point presen used for lectures and practical activities can be re ded from web platforms.	tions, and classroom tations and teaching quested by e-mail or
Expected learnin	ng outcomes	The expected learning outcomes, in terms of both knowledge and skills, ar provided in Annex A of the Academic Regulations of the Degree in Food Scienc and Technology (expressed through the European Descriptors of the qualification		ledge and skills, are gree in Food Science s of the qualification)
Knowledge and understanding o	on:	0	Adequate knowledge to understand the basic prir functioning of plants of food interest.	ciples governing the
Applying knowle understanding o	edge and on:	0	Ability to identify and distinguish cause-and-effect re the various phenomena governing the plant physiol	elationships within ogy.
Soft skills The expected lea	arning outcomes	 Mak Mak Com Com Capa s, in terms 	ing informed judgments and choices Ability to interpret and predict the different plant ph to the changing environmental conditions. Ability to acquire the necessary information on th interaction mechanisms in order to assess their im- production. <i>municating knowledge and understanding</i> Ability to communicate the knowledge acquired du a technical and scientific language. <i>acities to continue learning</i> Ability to deepen and update the knowledge acqui physiology, in the view of optimizing the quality of p of both knowledge and skills, are provided in Anney	ysiological responses e plant-environment plications in the crop uring the course with ired about the plant plant production.
Regulations of th qualification).	ne Degree in Foc	od Science	and Technology (expressed through the European I	Jescriptors of the

Assessment and feedback	
Methods of assessment	The exam consists of an oral dissertation on the topics developed during the theoretical and theoretical-practical lectures both in the classroom and in the
	laboratory, as reported in the Academic Regulations for the Bachelor Degree in
	Food Science and Technology (article 9) and in the study plan (Annex A).
	Students attending at the lectures may have a middle-term preliminary exam,
	consisting of a written test, relative to the first part of the program, which will
	concur to the final evaluation and will be considered valid for an academic year.
	The evaluation of the preparation of the student occurs on the basis of established
	criteria, as detailed in Annex B of the Academic Regulations for the Bachelor's
	degree in food science and Technology.



	The foreign student's profit test can be done in English in the way described	
	above.	
Evaluation criteria	Knowledge and understanding	
	• To demonstrate a critical and in-depth assimilation of the major topics of	
	plant physiology, and an adequate knowledge of the plant-environment	
	interactions.	
	Applying knowledge and understanding	
	• To be able to relate the knowledge acquired about plant physiology to	
	the production performance of plants of food interest.	
	Autonomy of judgment	
	• To interpret and predict the plant physiological responses. To	
	demonstrate conscious autonomy of judgment with regard to the	
	evaluation and interpretation of experimental data, also in the light of	
	the technical and scientific literature.	
	• Communicating knowledge and understanding	
	 The student will acquire understanding and communication skills to analyse analytical data related to the plant physical groups and discuss about 	
	them with interlecutors with similar and different backgrounds	
	Communication skills	
	• Communication skins	
	technical language	
	Canacities to continue learning	
	 Ability to understand and critically discuss fundamental aspects of the 	
	plant physiology, including consultation of online databases.	
Criteria for assessment and	The evaluation criteria that contribute to the attribution of the final mark will be:	
attribution of the final mark	knowledge and understanding, the ability to apply knowledge, autonomy of	
	judgment, i.e. the ability to criticize and formulate judgments, communication	
	skills.	
Additional information		