



## **COURSE OF STUDY: Science for the valorization of the gastronomic heritage ACADEMIC YEAR: 2023/2024**

## **ACADEMIC SUBJECT: Organic Chemistry**

General information	
Year of the course	1°year
Academic calendar (starting and	1° semester – 9 <sup>th</sup> October 2023 – 26 <sup>th</sup> January 2024
ending date)	
Credits (CFU/ETCS):	6 CFU
SSD	CHIM/06
Language	Italian
Mode of attendance	Compulsory

Professor/ Lecturer	
Name and Surname	Pietro Cotugno
E-mail	pietro.cotugno@uniba.it
Telephone	
Department and address	Chemistry Department – 2nd floor – room 231
Virtual room	Teams
Office Hours (and modalities:	Tuesday. 3:00-4:00 pm
e.g., by appointment, on line,	
etc.)	

Work schedule			
Hours			
Total	Lectures	Hands-on (laboratory, workshops, working groups, seminars, field trips)	Out-of-class study hours/ Self-study hours
150	32	28 (working groups)	90
CFU/ETCS			
6	4	2	

Learning Objectives	Knowledge of functional groups, nomenclature, reactivity and preparation of organic molecules with biological interest, stereochemistry. The teaching aims to acquire knowledge on the general aspects of the structure/properties relation of the main organic compounds and biomolecules, especially of food interest, oriented towards understanding the transformations of the different ingredients during specific gastronomic preparations. The analysis of the scientific background and the development of autonomal study and basic and applied research constitute a goal. Use of congruent lexicon in scientific English. Ability to formulate hypotheses and define theories. Technical-practical objectives.
Course prerequisites	Fundamentals of general and inorganic chemistry; rudiments of mathematics and calculation.

Teaching strategie	Frontal lectures, use of multimedia inputs, brain storming, collective and
	individual exercises, use of molecular models, visual and written ideation.
Expected learning outcomes in	
terms of	
Knowledge and understanding	• Knowledge of chemical notation, IUPAC nomenclature, conventions for
on:	graphic representation of reactions in chemistry





	• Knowledge of organic syntheses applied to the biological world
	<ul> <li>Knowledge of functional arouns and overview on reactivity prenaration</li> </ul>
	stereochemistry and properties
	screechenistry und properties
	o Applications and connection of organic chemistry to nature and industrially exploited processes
Applying knowledge and	Ability to write chemical structures from names and vice versa
understanding on:	<ul> <li>Prediction of the chemical behavior aiming to plan a synthetic</li> </ul>
understanding on.	o recurction of the chemical behavior, anning to plan a synthetic
	Ability to predict storeochamical behavior and applicability of specific
	• Ability to predict stereochemical benavior and applicability of specific
6-6-1:0-	Compounds
SOTT SKIIIS	Making informed judgments and choices
	<ul> <li>Ability to apply chemical theory to adily processes</li> </ul>
	• Problem solving
	$\circ$ Ability to independently study and research using scientific
	literature and databases
	$\circ$ Development of practical sense of theoretical study and
	technological impact
	Communicating knowledge and understanding
	$\circ$ Written and spoken forms of communication ability related to
	information, problems, solutions
	<ul> <li>Didactic, Scientific and informative discussion</li> </ul>
	Capacities to continue learning
	<ul> <li>Updating of literature through self-study</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Introduction of new case studies</li> </ul>
	• Possibility of writing a case study
Syllabus	
e j nabat	
Content knowledge	Chemical hand theory intra- and intermolecular interactions molecular orbital
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes:
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational storagicamers. Chirality, Epontiamers and diastereoisomers
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids.
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule.
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions,
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions.
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Halogenation, sulfonation, nitration reactions, alkylation reactions, acylation.
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Halogenation, sulfonation, nitration reactions, alkylation reactions, acylation. Substituents of the benzene ring, activating/deactivating and orienting effects.
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Halogenation, sulfonation, nitration reactions, alkylation reactions, acylation. Substituents of the benzene ring, activating/deactivating and orienting effects. Acidity of phenols. Alcohols, ethers, thiols, epoxides: nomenclature, properties,
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Halogenation, sulfonation, nitration reactions, alkylation reactions, acylation. Substituents of the benzene ring, activating/deactivating and orienting effects. Acidity of phenols. Alcohols, ethers, thiols, epoxides: nomenclature, properties, reactivity. Acidity of alcohols and thiols and comparison with phenols. Molecular
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Halogenation, sulfonation, nitration reactions, alkylation reactions, acylation. Substituents of the benzene ring, activating/deactivating and orienting effects. Acidity of phenols. Alcohols, ethers, thiols, epoxides: nomenclature, properties, reactivity. Acidity of alcohols and thiols and comparison with phenols. Molecular rancidity in nature. Amines. Structure, nomenclature, chemical-physical
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Halogenation, sulfonation, nitration reactions, alkylation reactions, acylation. Substituents of the benzene ring, activating/deactivating and orienting effects. Acidity of phenols. Alcohols, ethers, thiols, epoxides: nomenclature, properties, reactivity. Acidity of alcohols and thiols and comparison with phenols. Molecular rancidity in nature. Amines. Structure, nomenclature, chemical-physical properties and reactivity. Natural aliphatic and aromatic amines. case of
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Halogenation, sulfonation, nitration reactions, alkylation reactions, acylation. Substituents of the benzene ring, activating/deactivating and orienting effects. Acidity of phenols. Alcohols, ethers, thiols, epoxides: nomenclature, properties, reactivity. Acidity of alcohols and thiols and comparison with phenols. Molecular rancidity in nature. Amines. Structure, nomenclature, chemical-physical properties and reactivity. Natural aliphatic and aromatic amines, case of histamine in conservation. Basicity of amines, Aldehvdes and ketones. Structure.
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Halogenation, sulfonation, nitration reactions, alkylation reactions, acylation. Substituents of the benzene ring, activating/deactivating and orienting effects. Acidity of phenols. Alcohols, ethers, thiols, epoxides: nomenclature, properties, reactivity. Acidity of alcohols and thiols and comparison with phenols. Molecular rancidity in nature. Amines. Structure, nomenclature, chemical-physical properties and reactivity. Natural aliphatic and aromatic amines, case of histamine in conservation. Basicity of amines. Aldehydes and ketones. Structure, nomenclature and chemical-physical properties, meactivity of the carbonyl aroun
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Halogenation, sulfonation, nitration reactions, alkylation reactions, acylation. Substituents of the benzene ring, activating/deactivating and orienting effects. Acidity of phenols. Alcohols, ethers, thiols, epoxides: nomenclature, properties, reactivity. Acidity of alcohols and thiols and comparison with phenols. Molecular rancidity in nature. Amines. Structure, nomenclature, chemical-physical properties and reactivity. Natural aliphatic and aromatic amines, case of histamine in conservation. Basicity of amines. Aldehydes and ketones. Structure, nomenclature and chemical-physical properties. Reactivity of the carbonyl group and oxidation and reduction reactions. Nucleophilic addition reactions to the
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Halogenation, sulfonation, nitration reactions, alkylation reactions, acylation. Substituents of the benzene ring, activating/deactivating and orienting effects. Acidity of phenols. Alcohols, ethers, thiols, epoxides: nomenclature, properties, reactivity. Acidity of alcohols and thiols and comparison with phenols. Molecular rancidity in nature. Amines. Structure, nomenclature, chemical-physical properties and reactivity. Natural aliphatic and aromatic amines, case of histamine in conservation. Basicity of amines. Aldehydes and ketones. Structure, nomenclature and chemical-physical properties. Reactivity of the carbonyl group and oxidation and reduction reactions. Nucleophilic addition reactions to the carbonyl Acid and hase catalysis. Carbon nitrogen and oxygen nucleonbiles
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Halogenation, sulfonation, nitration reactions, alkylation reactions, acylation. Substituents of the benzene ring, activating/deactivating and orienting effects. Acidity of alcohols, ethers, thiols, epoxides: nomenclature, properties, reactivity. Acidity of alcohols and thiols and comparison with phenols. Molecular rancidity in nature. Amines. Structure, nomenclature, chemical-physical properties and reactivity. Natural aliphatic and aromatic and intens. Structure, nomenclature, and ketones. Structure, nomenclature and chemical-physical properties. Reactivity of the carbonyl group and oxidation and reactivits. Carbon, nitrogen and oxygen nucleophiles. Acid
Content knowledge	Chemical bond theory, intra- and intermolecular interactions, molecular orbital theory, polarity and molecular geometry. Carbon hybridization. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons. Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, cycloalkanes: nomenclature, structure, properties, reactivity. Stereoisomerism. Configurational and conformational stereoisomers. Chirality. Enantiomers and diastereoisomers and determination of the absolute configurations. Optical activity. Geometric isomerism in alkenes and dienes. Natural hydrocarbons: terpenes and terpenoids. Focus on double and triple bond reactivity: electrophilic additions of hydrogen halides to the double bond, hydration. Regioselectivity, Markovnikov rule. Addition of halogens. Alkyl halides. Nomenclature, reactivity, chemical-physical properties and aliphatic nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions, related mechanisms SN1 and SN2, E1 and E2. Benzene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Aromaticity and chemical-physical properties of aromatic compounds. Nomenclature. Natural aromatic molecules: spice monomers, flavors and polyphenols. Focus on electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Halogenation, sulfonation, nitration reactions, alkylation reactions, acylation. Substituents of the benzene ring, activating/deactivating and orienting effects. Acidity of phenols. Alcohols, ethers, thiols, epoxides: nomenclature, properties, reactivity. Acidity of alcohols and thiols and comparison with phenols. Molecular rancidity in nature. Amines. Structure, nomenclature, chemical-physical properties and reactivity. Natural aliphatic and aromatic amines, case of histamine in conservation. Basicity of amines. Aldehydes and ketones. Structure, nomenclature and chemical-physical properties. Reactivity of the carbonyl group and oxidation and reduction reactions. Nucleophilic addition reactions to the carbonyl. Acid and base catalysis. Carbon, nitrogen and oxygen nucleophiles. Acidity of hydrogens in alpha to carbonyl. Enols. Keto-enol tautomerism. Aldol condorse in the indice of the addition





	properties and reactivity. Derivatives of carboxylic acids: acyl chlorides, anhydrides, esters, amides: nomenclature and chemical-physical properties. Nucleophilic acyl substitution reactions. Natural aldehydes, ketones and carboxylic acids in ripening processes. Phytohormones. Structural effects on the acidity and basicity of organic compounds. Saponifiable and non-saponifiable lipids. Surfactants. Triglycerides, phosphoglycerides, steroids, fat-soluble vitamins. Carbohydrates. General structures. Monosaccharides: aldoses and ketoses. Reactivity, focus on mutarotation. Natural glycosides. Reactions of monosaccharides: oxidation and reduction. Disaccharides: sucrose, galactose, maltose and cellobiose. Polysaccharides: starch and cellulose. Amino acids. Molecular bases of the industrial baking process and fermentations. Molecular bases of sugar digestibility. Structures of natural amino acids and acid-base features. Peptide bond. Nucleic acids. Structures of nitrogenous bases, nucleosides, nucleotides. Phosphodiester bond. Nomenclature of polyfunctional compounds. Prediction of the reactivity of organic compounds. Structural and conformational analysis of organic molecules. Use of molecular models. Exercises.
Texts and readings	William H. Brown, Brent L. Iverson, Eric V. Anslyn, Christopher S. Foote, Chimica Organica, V Edizione, , 2015 EdiSES S.r.l. Napoli; recent literature, power point or .pdf slides.
Notes, additional materials	The text serves as a support for didactics. The entire course is based on book, lectures and scientific literature ranged from 10 years and the student mainly uses notes for the personal preparation of the course.
Repository	Teachers and lecturers supply the study materials.

Assessment	
Assessment methods	Intermediate exam, final oral exam
Assessment criteria	<ul> <li>Knowledge and understanding         <ul> <li>Testing of the knowledge using the written intermediate exam and the final oral exam</li> </ul> </li> <li>Applying knowledge and understanding         <ul> <li>Testing of the theory to case study</li> </ul> </li> <li>Autonomy of judgment         <ul> <li>Independent problem solving ability</li> </ul> </li> <li>Communicating knowledge and understanding         <ul> <li>Adequate language</li> <li>Cultural and content correctness</li> <li>Use of the suitable chemical notification</li> </ul> </li> <li>Communication skills         <ul> <li>All the likely communication skills presented</li> <li>Capacities to continue learning             <ul> <li>Problem solving during the course attending</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
Final exam and grading criteria	Application of prerequisites, verification of lack or presence of gaps, verification
	of theory knowledge, correctness of chemical graphics, problem solving.
Further information	