General Information	
Academic subject	Entomology (Module of I.C. Zoology and Entomology)
Degree course	Agri-Forestry Environment and Landscape Sciences and
	Technologies
Curriculum	
ECTS credits	6
Compulsory attendance	No
Language	Italiano

Subject teacher	Name Surname	Mail address	SSD
	Eustachio Tarasco	eustachio.tarasco@uniba.it	AGR/11

Basic teaching activities	ECTS credits details		
	Basic teaching activities		

Class schedule	
Period	Second semester
Year	Second year
Type of class	Lectures, 4 ECTS (32 hours)
	Laboratory and field classroom and workshops, 2 ECTS (28 hours)

Time management	
Hours	150
In-class study hours	60
Out-of-class study hours	90

Academic calendar	
Class begins	
Class ends	

Syllabus	
Prerequisites/requirements	Know the main aspects of Entomology, inherent the structure,
	biology and ecology of the insects and their control
Expected learning outcomes	Knowledge and understanding
	Knowledge of the basic elements of Entomology
	Knowledge of insect interaction with the environment and forestry
	Applying knowledge and understanding
	Ability to assess insect biodiversity in agroforestry ecosystems
	Ability to analyze the relationships between insects and territory
	Making informed judgements and choices
	Ability to analyze useful and noxious entomofauna and
	environmental contexts in the light of the reports between human
	activities and the natural environment.
	Ability to evaluate the most suitable solution to eco-friendly
	management and sustainable use of entomofauna
	Communicating knowledge and understanding
	Ability to present the results of projects and develop jobs by
	themselves or in group activities, through the preparation of
	technical reports and oral exposure, using an appropriate technical
	language
	Capacities to continue learning
	Ability to ensure the continuous updating of knowledge in the
	specific field, even with tools that make use of new communications
	technologies and information technology
	Ability to deal with the typical problems of agro-forestry land
	entomofauna, including through innovative technical solutions

Contents	•
Course program	Phylogeny and classification of insects – general part; Recognition
	and classification techniques. External morphology and anatomy.
	Seed Coat. Head. Chest. Abdomen. Muscular. nervous. sensorv
	systems, digestive, respiratory, circulatory, excretory, reproductive,
	endocrine, secretor, Reproductive behavior, Embryonic
	development and parthenogenesis. Post embryonic development
	Adult insect: emergence secondary sexual characteristics sexual
	dimorphism. Ethology and ecology: distribution of species
	dianause, nonulation dynamics. Means and methods of controlling
	nests: biological control integrated Endo-therapy Characteristics
	and properties of biosidal products: patural and synthetic products
	And properties of blockdal products. Initial and synthetic products.
	wode of action in relation to the effects of plants, insects and other
	organisms. Insects of agroforestry ecosystem-General information
	on the major Orders and families of the class insecta: Protura,
	Collembola, Diplura, Inysanura, Epnemeroptera, Odonata,
	Orthoptera, Isoptera. Top saving Thrips (Frankliniella occidentalis):
	piercing-sucking insects; Rynchota Tingidae (<i>Corythuca ciliata</i>),
	Pentatomidae (<i>Nezara viriaula, Halyomorpha halys</i>) Cercopidae
	(Haematoloma dorsata), Cicadellidae, Aphrophoridae (Philenus
	spumarius), Cercopidae (Haematoloma dorsata), Whitefly
	(Aleyrodes spp.), Lachnidae (Cynara cupressi), Aphididae (Myzus
	cerasi) Adeigidae (Sacchiphantes Viriais, s. abietis), Phylioxeridae
	(Phylloxera quercus) Margarodidae (Matsucoccus feytaudi, M. pini,
	Icerya purchasi), Diaspididae, Psillidae (Gilcaspis brimblecombei),
	Triozidae (<i>Lauritrioza alacris</i>) Flatidae (<i>Metcalfa pruinosa</i>), Coreidae
	(Western conifer seed bug). Top saving: Lepidoptera Tortricidae
	(<i>Tortrix Viriaana, Ryacionia buoilana</i>), geometer moth (<i>Operopthera</i>
	brumata), Inaumetopoeldae (Indumetopoed pityocampa, I.
	processioned), Lymantriidae (gypsy moth, Euproctis chrysorrhoed,
	Leucoma salicis), Lasiocampidae (<i>ivialacosoma neustria</i>); Coleoptera
	Scarabeldae (Melolontha melolontha, Anoxía matutinalis, Polyphylia
	Julio), Chrysomelidae (<i>Melasoma populi, Xantogaleruca luteola</i>),
	(Conbaleia ariensic), Diarianidae (Neediarian cortifor, Diarian aini)
	(Cephaicia arvensis), Diprioridae (Neoaipriori sercijer, Dipriori pini),
	Diptora Mosquita (Culay pinians, Aadas albanistus), Dsychodidaa
	Dipiera Mosquito (curex pipieris, Aedes abopictus), Psychodidae,
	Nusciuae. Root Insects. Rifyicola Cicadidae (Cicada offi, Tibicen
	Scaraboidan, Click Pontla, Calligon insorts: Homontora Domphigidan
	Demphique hurcarius Paizonaia nictaciae Utricularia
	(Fempingus bursunus, burzongia pistaciae, otriculuna, dichanthalium, Friosoma geoica): Dintera Cecidomviidae (Mikiala
	fagi): Hymenontera Cyninidae (Cynins snn), Xylonhagus insects:
	Termite (Reticulitermes lucifuaus, Kalatermes flavicallis
	Cryntatermes hrevis): Lenidontera Sesiidae (Sesia aniformis
	Synanthedon Thrin adult Paranthrene tabaniformis) Cossidae
	(Cossus cossus, Zeuzera pyrina, Parahypopta caestrum): Coleoptera
	Buprestidae (Coroebus florentinus, Cerambyx cerdo), stag beetle
	(Lucanus cervus), Longhorn Beetle (Saperda carcharias.
	Phoracantha semipunctata. P. populnea. Cerambix cerdo.
	Anoplophora sp., Monochamus sp.), Curculionidae (Pissodes
	notatus, Rhynchophorus ferrugineus), Scolytidae (Ips typographus.
	Phloeosinus aubei, Phloeosinus, Tomicus destruens); Hymenoptera:
	Siricidae (<i>Urocerus gigas</i> , <i>Sirex noctilio</i>). Beneficial insects
	(pollinators, predators and parasitoids): Neuroptera Chrisopidae:
	Diptera Sirphidae, Tachinidae; Coleoptera Coccinellidae, ground
	beetle (<i>Calosoma sycophanta</i>); Hymenoptera Apidae (<i>Apis mellifera</i> .
	Bombus terrestris) Ant (Formica group "rufa"). Vespoidea (European

	Hornet, <i>Polistes gallicus, Vespula germanica</i>), Ichneumonidae, Braconidae, Chalcidoidea, Wood and food insects
Bibliography	 Tremblay – Entomologia applicata (Liguori Ed.). Masutti L. Zangheri S Entomologia generale e applicata (CEDAM Ed); Davies R.G Lineamenti di entomologia (Zanichelli Ed.); Chinery M Guida agli Insetti d'Europa (Muzio Ed.); lectures notes For foreign students (LLP-Erasmus, Tempus, ecc.) the book is: The
Notes Tooching methods	Insects: An Outline of Entomology. P. J. Gullan & Peter Cranston Students could get a copy of all presentations utilized for lectures, including also those eventually needed for the practical activities, downloading them through the repository. There is not a text in Italian language which treats all topics of the present discipline. Information can be fragmented or too specialistic on Italian and International Journals and books. Therefore, students are strongly invited to follow the lessons in order to have simplified and updated information
	classroom exercises relating to case studies, analysis of scientific publications. All material will be shared through the electronic platform.
Assessment methods (indicate at least the type written, oral, other)	The exam consists of an oral or written test with questions related to the programme. The professor might assign also an ongoing test i.e. a practical exercise (project, research theme, review, etc.). The exam of foreign students can be done in English according to the procedures described above the exam consists in an oral examination about the arguments developed during school hours theoretical and theoretical and practical classroom and laboratory The evaluation of the student's preparation is based on established criteria, as detailed in Annex A of the study regulations of the graduate program
Evaluation criteria	Correctly describe entomofaunal relationships with the environment and possess sufficient knowledge about basic elements of applied entomology
	Ability to identify tools of governance of insects in agroforestry land. Ability to critically describe the relationships that different insect groups have with the various components of agroforestry ecosystems
	Ability to describe entomofauna and environmental contexts in the light of the reports between human activities and the natural environment. Ability to identify the policy instruments best suited to eco-friendly management and sustainable control of noxious insects
	Knowing how to present clearly and exhaustively the results of projects and develop jobs by themselves or in group activities, through the preparation of technical reports, presentations, oral exposure, using an appropriate technical language
	Be able to retrieve bibliographic and statistical sources themselves to continuously update their skills.

Further information	Visiting hours: Wednesday, Thursday and Friday (10:00-12:00). All
	afternoons by previous agreement.