Plant Pathology
Bachelor Course Agricultural Sciences and Technologies
Rural System Management
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No
Italian

Subject teacher	Name Surname	Mail address	SSD
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ECTS credits details		ETCs
Basic teaching	Plant Protection	4 lecture ECTs, 2
activities		lab/field ECT

Class schedule	
Period	Second semester
Year	Third year
Type of class	Lectures 4 ECTS (32 hours)
	Laboratory and field classroom and workshops, 2 ECTS (28 hours)

Time management	
Hours	150
In-class study hours	60 (32 Lectures + 28 Lab & field cl.)
Out-of-class study	90
hours	

Academic calendar	
Class begins	February 24, 2020
Class ends	June 12, 2020

Syllabus	
Prerequisites/require	Basic knowledge of biology
ments	
Expected learning	Knowledge and understanding
outcomes (according	 Knowledge and understanding the main topics of plant pathology
to Dublin	\circ Knowledge and understanding of main biological characteristics of biotic
Descriptors) (it is	(phytopathogenic fungi, bacteria, virus and virus-like organism) and abiotic agents
recommended that	responsible of diseases of the main Mediterranean crops
they are congruent	 Knowledge and understanding of diseases, symptomatology, plant-pathogen
with the learning	interactions, disease epidemiology also according to the knowledge of the
outcomes contained	disciplines of plant production.
in A4a, A4b, A4c	• Knowledge and understanding of the main interaction events between causal
tables of the SUA-	agent, host and environmental condition.
CdS)	• Knowledge and understanding of the main diagnostic tools in plant pathology.
	 Knowledge and understanding of the main aspects of mycotoxin contamination of
	food and feeds.
	• Knowledge and understanding of the basic principles of plant protection with
	particular regard to integrated pest management and organic agriculture.
	Applying knowledge and understanding
	• Ability to identify the causal agents of the main disease of Mediterranean crops
	protection.
	 Ability to evaluate the damages caused by abiotic and/or biotic agents.
	 Ability to manage the main methods in plant protection.

	 Knowledge and understanding for defining a diagnostic approach in the field and/or in the laboratory. Making informed judgements and choices Ability to understand the phenomena underlying the diseases, their spreading and harmfulness and their sustainable management. Ability to understand the biological characteristics of the main taxonomic groups of phytopathogenic fungi. Communicating knowledge and understanding Ability of describing the biological phenomena underlying plant diseases, their spreading and harmfulness. Ability of describing the main diagnostic methodologies applied to plant diseases.
	 Ability of describing the main biological characteristics of plant pathogens and the disease typologies they cause. Capacities to continue learning
	 Capacities of updating the knowledge on the characteristics of different plant diseases and on sustainable plant protection. The results of the expected learning, in term of knowledge and ability, are listed in the Annex A of the Didactic Regulation of the Bachelor Course (expressed by the European
	descriptors of the study title).
Contents	Presentation of the course and brief history of Plant pathology Definition of disease, their economic importance and pathometry
	Main morphological and functional plant alterations (plant modifications, alterations of cells and tissues, organs falling, withering, wilting, issuance of gums and resins, pathogens fructification, alterations of: photosynthesis, respiration, transport of carbohydrates, phenolic metabolism, water balance).
	Mechanisms used by pathogen to attack Mechanisms of passive and active resistance of the plant to disease Epidemiology (influence of environment on the development of plant diseases, the pyramid of the disease, environmental factors, the best, the pathogen, farming
	practices that favor the development of epidemics, estimates of epidemics) Overview of integrated and organic agriculture protection Mycotoxicology
	Main biotic factors responsible for plant diseases: fungi, bacteria, viruses, viroids and phytoplasma Outline of major abjotic factors: appormal lighting conditions, water, thermal
	atmospheric composition, meteoric adversity, nutritional imbalances, injuries, phytotoxicity
	Fungal diseases: case studies on grapes, olives, citrus, vegetables, cereals, artichoke, stone fruit, strawberry, bean and postharvest
	strawberry, strawberry, vegetables Viruses, phytoplasmas and non-parasitic alterations: case studies on vegetable.
	grapevine, stone fruit, citrus Laboratory and field practices
	Observations of plant disease samples in the laboratory and in the field, Observation of microscopic morphological characteristics preparations main
	Assessment of damage Application of the main diagnostic techniques
Course program	
Bibliography	Agrios G. (2005) Plant Pathology. 5th Edition. Academic Press, New York Janse J. D. (2006) Phytobacteriology: Principles and Practice. CABI Strange B. (2003) Introduction to Plant Pathology. Wiley

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Notes	Examples of websites
	 http://bugs.bio.usyd.edu.au/learning/resources/PlantPathology/
	 http://erec.ifas.ufl.edu/plant_pathology_guidelines/index.shtml
	http://issuu.com/scisoc/docs/43818/1
	 http://ohioline.osu.edu/hyg-fact/3000/
	 http://www.apsnet.org/edcenter/intropp/LabExercises/Pages/Cytology.aspx
	 http://www.apsnet.org/edcenter/instcomm/TeachingArticles/Pages/TeachingPlantDise
	aseDiagnosis.aspx
	http://www.plantpath.wisc.edu/PDDCEducation/MasterGardener/General/Slide1.htm Additional material will be sume line of the second sec
Tooching motheda	Additional material will be supplied on demand as scientific paper and website
reacting methods	multimedia which are only educational support and not study materials, and through the
	creation of work groups on the resolution of case studies also with the support of external
	professionals (agronomists).
	For foreign students (LLP-Erasmus, Tempus, ecc.) presentations and teaching materials will
	be provided in English.
Assessment methods	For students enrolled in the course of the year in which the teaching is done there will be
(indicate at least the	an intermediary exam, which consists of an oral exam on the topics developed during the
type written, oral,	hours of lecture and theory and practice in the classroom, on the field and in the
other)	laboratory as reported in the Academic Regulations for the Course of Science and
	Technology Degree Agriculture (article 9) and in the study plan (Annex a). The evaluation
	of the intermediary exam is expressed in thirtieths. The outcome of the test contributes to
	the evaluation of the examination of profit and is valid for one academic year.
	At the end of the module teaching period, the students, who passed positively the intermediary examination give the final examination on the subjects treated during the
	lessons and the practical activities since the intermediary evam as reported in the Didactic
	Regulation of the Bachelor Course (art 9) and syllabus (anney Δ) and which is correlated to
	the actual teaching period.
	Students who did not pass or give the intermediary exam will be examined on the whole
	subjects treated during the lessons and the practical activities as reported in the Didactic
	Regulation of the Bachelor course (art. 9) and syllabus (annex A) and which is correlated to
	the actual teaching period.
	The intermediary and the final exams consist of an oral test. The evaluation of the student
	is based on criteria previously fixed such as reported in the Annex A of the Didactic
	Regulation in Plant Medicine.
	modulities
Evaluation criteria	Knowledge and comprehension ability
(Explain for each	• Ability to understand and describe the main biological characteristics of biotic
expected learning	causal agents (fungi, bacteria, virus and virus-like)
outcome what a	• Ability to describe the eziology, epidemiology, symptomatology, plant-pathogen
student has to know.	interactions, and diagnosis of diseases of Mediterranean crops.
or is able to do, and	 Ability to understand and describe phenomena due to biotic or abiotic factors.
how many levels of	Knowledge and applied comprehension ability
achievement there	 Ability to recognize and understand the pfytopathological cases
are.	• Ability to define the appropriate diagnostic approaches in the field and in the
	laboratory for different cases.
	 Ability to recognize different disease typologies and to propose basic actions for their control
	 Ability to understand and apply the regulations in force
	 Autonomy of judgement
	• Ability to analyze phytosanitary cases formulating hypotheses on the disease
	presented as case of study and programming adequate procedures to manage
	and control the plant diseases.
	Communication skills
	\circ Ability to explain in exhaustive way, with appropriate words, richness of

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	conceptual connections and examples, aetiology, aetiology, symptomatology, epidemiology, diagnosis and basic management of plant diseases as well as the biological characteristics of the main plant pathogens.	
	Learning ability	
	 Ability to apply acquired knowledge and skills for problem solving in various operative frames. 	
	 Ability to apply acquired knowledge and skills for problem solving phytopathological events different from those studied. 	
	 Ability to apply knowledge and skills for improve the knowledge. 	
Further information	Visiting hours	
	Official visiting hours: 8.30-16.30 according to an established appointment requested by	
	phone or e-mail.	