

General information			
Academic subject	Teaching of Surgical Procedures of the integrated examination of Veterinary		
	Surgery 2		
Degree course	Veterinary Medicine		
Academic Year	2021/2022		
European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System (ECTS) 2			
Language	Italian		
Academic calendar (starting and ending date) II-III Bimester			
Attendance	Mandatory		

Professor/ Lecturer	
Name and Surname	Luca Lacitignola
E-mail	Luca.lacitignola@libero.it
Telephone	080 4679872
Department and address	Veterinary Medicine Campus – Valenzano (BA)
Virtual headquarters	MS Teams code: 3uudvbm
Tutoring (time and day)	Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 9:30 to 11:30 (at the veterinary hospital)
	Tuesday and Thursday from 2.30pm to 4.30pm
	By appointment

Syllabus	
Learning Objectives	Provide the basics of surgical procedures
	Be able to prepare the patient and the surgeon for surgical therapy
	Knowledge of the equipment useful in the surgical field
	Containment of the animals of the various species of interest
Course prerequisites	The preliminary examination for Veterinary Surgery 1 is required.
	The student must have acquired the notions relating to the teachings of anatomy,
	physiology, general and surgical pathology and radiology of domestic animals
Contents	Clinical Sciences of Companion Animals (including Horses and Exotics)
	Principles of surgical asepsis. Sterilization and disinfection. Equipment and
	personnel areas for surgery. Preparation of the operating field. Preparation of the
	surgical team. Surgical instruments. Containment of animals. Administration of
	medicines. Electrosurgery. Umlauts and exereses. Hemostasis. Summary: types of
	sutures, characteristics of needles and sutures. Drains. Bandages. Biopsy
	techniques. Postoperative treatment of the surgical patient. Antibiotic Therapy in
	Surgery. Means of osteosynthesis.
	Special part: Wound treatment; Celiotomy and laparotomy; Hernorraphy; Stomach
	surgery; Bowel surgery; Splenectomy; Bladder and urethra surgery; Upper airway
	surgery; Thoracotomy and sternotomy; Principles of osteosynthesis.
Books and bibliography	T.W Fossum Chirurgia dei piccoli animali 3a Ed Mosby 2007
	• Slatter D.H. Trattato di chirurgia dei piccoli animali 3a Ed Antonio Delfino 2005.
	Tobias K.M: Veterinary surgery: small animals
	Auer & Stick Eqine surgery W.B. Saunders, 2005
	Tommasini Degna: Atlante di chirurgia veterinaria del cane e del gatto, Poletto
	Editore
Additional materials	The texts are recommended for the purpose of deepening and integration; view
	attendance is mandatory, notes will be of fundamental importance





of lessons and the material provided by the teacher during the course

Work sched	ule		
Total	Lectures	Hands on (Laboratory, working groups, seminars, field trips)	Out-of-class study hours/ Self-study hours
Hours			
50	13	25	12
ECTS			T
2 Teaching str	1	1	
Knowledge a	arning outcomes and understanding owledge and ing on:	The frontal teaching will be carried out through classical lessor computer science (power point), integrated with the possibility distance. As part of the lessons, clinical cases will be addressed with integrated using kahoot software. In some lectures they will be preal clinical cases with the possibility of observing the patient room at the outpatient facilities. Practical exercises will be carried out in gratudents with the presentation of clinical cases concerning the students with the presentation of clinical cases concerning the management in the periopertaotic period Techniques and principles of surgical procedures, management in the periopertaotic period Handle and restrain animal patients safely and animal and instruct others to help the vetering techniques. Apply biosecurity principles correctly, include equipment and disinfection of clothing. Know the principles of asepsis, the material new room and the preparation of the patient and the Perform aseptic surgery correctly. Perform basic surgical techniques	ty of following at a seraction with the presented in the operating groups of 10-15 to topics of the lesson. asepsis and patient with respect for the parian perform these ding sterilization of the operating the operating sterilization of the operating sterilization.
Unde or sci limita Etiolo comn • Con The p Evalu • Abil The e work, decisi		Autonomy of judgment Understanding and competence in logical approaches to reason or scientific than clinical, the distinction between the two a limitations of each Etiology, pathogenesis, clinical signs, diagnosis and treatment common and ailments occurring in common domestic species Communication skills The principles of disease prevention and the promotion of here evaluation of intraoperative complications Ability to learn independently The ethical framework within which veterinary surgeons show work, including important ethical theories that inform the prodecision-making in professional ethics and relating to the well animals	nd the strengths and of diseases alth and well-being uld ocess

Assessment and feedback	
Methods of assessment	The test of the surgical medicine exam will be carried out orally with the discussion
	of hypothetical clinical cases also supported by multimedia material.
Evaluation criteria	Knowledge and understanding



Additional information		
Criteria for assessment and attribution of the final mark	The exam consists in asking the student 3 questions related to the program of study. The correct answer to 2 of the 3 questions involves passing of the exam whose mark must be weighted with that obtained in the exam of Surgical Clinic and Anesthesiology. The student will have to prove that they have acquired basic knowledge on the use of instrumentation, surgical techniques, risk assessment and complications in small animals and horses in the most common clinical conditions.	
	 The student must demonstrate that he is able to evaluate the patient and establish the appropriate surgical technique Applying knowledge and understanding Ability to choose suitable surgical instruments Ability to manage surgical techniques and complications Autonomy of judgment Be able to establish a surgical protocol by identifying the most appropriate instruments and techniques Communicating knowledge and understanding Being able to communicate with clients to proceed with normal clinical procedures Capacities to continue learning Being able to assess the patient's clinical condition and then choose the most appropriate surgical protocol 	