Main course information		
Academic subject	Evolutionary Biology of Vertebrates	
Degree course	Science of nature I Level	
Degree class	L/32	
ECTS credits (CFU)	6	
Compulsory attendance	Yes	
Teaching language	Italian	
Academic Year	2019/2020	

Docente responsabile		
Name & SURNAME	Giovanni SCILLITANI	
email	giovanni.scillitani@uniba.it	
Tel.	+39805443349	
Tutorial time/day	Monday 11:30-13:30, Wednesday 11:30-13:30, Friday 11:30 – 13:30. Appointment by e-mail is	
r dtoriar time/day	suggested	

Course details	Pass-fail exam/Exam with mark out of 30	SSD code	Type of class
	Exam with mark out of 30	BIO/06	Lecture/workshop

Teaching schedule	Year	Semester
reaching schedule	I	II

	5.5	44	0.5	6	0	0	0	0
Modalità erogazione	CFU/ECTS	Lessons (hours)	CFU/ECTS lab	Lab hours	CFU/ECTS tutorial/workshop	Tutorial/workshop hours	CFU/ECTS field trip	Field trip Hours

Time	Total hours	Teaching hours	Self-study hours
management	150	50	100

Academic	First lesson	Final lesson
Calendar	March 2020	June 2020

Syllabus	
Course entry requirements	
Expected learning outcomes (according to Dublin Descriptors) (it is recommended that they are congruent with the
learning outcomes contained i	n A4a, A4b, A4c tables of the SUA-CdS)
Knowledge and understanding	Acquisition of theoretical and operational skills with reference to basic citology, histology, embryology and anatomy, in order to learn the morpho-functional, comparative and evolutionary aspects of Vertebrate biology. These skills will be acquired thanks to the attendance of theoretical lessons, individual study and laboratory sessions.
Applying knowledge and understanding	Acquisition of operational skills useful for some analyses in the field of vertebrate biology in relation to other courses, such as Zoology, Ecology, Physiology, Genetics and Palaeontology, as well as basic identification of animals and their parts in field activities.
Making informed judgements and choices	Acquisition of autonomy in areas related to the evaluation and interpretation of experimental data for the study of Vertebrate biology, ability in comparing biological structures and explaining variation in the light of interacting evolutionary, developmental and adaptive processes.
Communicating knowledge and understanding	Acquisition of the appropriate vocabulary and terminology related to Vertebrate Biology to be able to understand any further information through a specific bibliography and prepare a relation or speech in a developmental, morfo-functional and/or

	evolutionary context.
(abacities to continue learning	Acquisition of the ability to investigate and read further informations about the
	disciplines with a critical spirit, through the consultation of texts and databases.

The levels of organization of living things. Cell: chemical composition of protoplasm, cell membranes and junctions, cytosol, ribosomes, endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi apparatus, lysosomes, peroxisomes, mitochondria, cytoskeleton, nucleus, mitosis, meiosis. Tissues: epithelial, connective, muscular, nervous. Evolutionary biology: phylogeny of main vertebrate taxa, concepts of omology and analogy. Embryology: gametogenesis, fertilization, ontogenic processes, developmental stages of amphioxus amphibians, birds and mammals, embryonic adnexa, outline of organogenesis. Comparative anatomy: structures, functions and evolution of the integument, skeleton, musculature (outline), nervous system, sense organs, digestive system, respiratory system, circulatory system, uro-genital system and endocrine glands (outline). Course books/Bibliography Course books/Bibliography Course books/Bibliography Calligaro et al. Citologia e Istologia funzionale. Edi. Ermes Stingo et al. Anatomia comparata. Edi. Ermes Menegola E et al. Manuale di Biologia dello Sviluppo Animale. EdiSES. Lectures with the use of PowerPoint; laboratory activities using microscope slides, models and anatomical mounts. Assessment methods (indicate at least the type written, oral, other) Coral exam. Knowledge and understanding: students should demonstrate good knowledge about each topic and the ability of connecting the different parts of the program. Memorizing without understanding is meaningless. Applying knowledge and understanding is meaningless. Applying knowledge and understanding students should focus about morpho-functional, evolutionary, and adaptive aspects of the organs and systems described. They should demonstrate understanding about the interactions between the biological structures and processes and explain them when required. Simpli drawings made during the examination to better explain the topics are appreciated. Copocities to continue learning: although the suggested textbooks cover the topics as much as possible, research is always i	Syllabus	
Course books/Bibliography Stingo et al. Anatomia comparata. Edi. Ermes Menegola E et al. Manuale di Biologia dello Sviluppo Animale. EdiSES. Notes Teaching methods Assessment methods (indicate at least the type written, oral, other) Knowledge and understanding: students should demonstrate good knowledge about each topic and the ability of connecting the different parts of the program. Memorizing without understanding! Making informed judgements and choices: appropriate descriptions apart, students should focus about morpho-functional, evolutionary, and adaptive aspects of the organs and systems described. They should demonstrate understanding about the interactions between the biological structures and the environmental features. Communicating knowledge and understanding students should use correct technical terms in describing structures and processes and explain them when required. Simple drawings made during the examination to better explain the topics are appreciated. Capacities to continue learning: although the suggested textbooks cover the topics as much as possible, research is always in progress so some updates will be given during the lessons. The ability of students to integrate these contents with those from the	Course content	apparatus, lysosomes, peroxisomes, mitochondria, cytoskeleton, nucleus, mitosis, meiosis. Tissues: epithelial, connective, muscular, nervous. Evolutionary biology: phylogeny of main vertebrate taxa, concepts of omology and analogy. Embryology: gametogenesis, fertilization, ontogenic processes, developmental stages of amphioxus, amphibians, birds and mammals, embryonic adnexa, outline of organogenesis. Comparative anatomy: structures, functions and evolution of the integument, skeleton, musculature (outline), nervous system, sense organs, digestive system, respiratory system, circulatory system, uro-genital system and endocrine glands
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textbooks will be evaluated. Further information	Evaluation criteria (Explain for each expected learning outcome what a student has to know, or is able to do, and how many levels of achievement there are	each topic and the ability of connecting the different parts of the program. Memorizing without understanding is meaningless. Applying knowledge and understanding/ Making informed judgements and choices: appropriate descriptions apart, students should focus about morpho-functional, evolutionary, and adaptive aspects of the organs and systems described. They should demonstrate understanding about the interactions between the biological structures and the environmental features. Communicating knowledge and understanding students should use correct technical terms in describing structures and processes and explain them when required. Simple drawings made during the examination to better explain the topics are appreciated. Capacities to continue learning: although the suggested textbooks cover the topics as much as possible, research is always in progress so some updates will be given during