| General Information | | | |
|----------------------------|---|----------|----------------------|
| Academic subject | Comparative Anatomy and Embryology | | |
| Degree course | Biological Sciences I Level | | |
| Curriculum | L-13 | | |
| ECTS credits | 6 | | |
| Compulsory attendance | Yes | | |
| Language | Italian | | |
| Subject teacher | Name Surname Mail address | | 1ail address |
| | Giovanni SCILLITANI | giovanni | .scillitani@uniba.it |
| ECTS credits details | Area | SSD | CFU/ETCS |
| | 05 | BIO/06 | 6 |
| Class schedule | | | |
| Period | II semester | | |
| Year | II | | |
| Type of class | Lectures | | |
| Time management | | | |
| Hours | 150 | | |
| In-class study hours | 50 | | |
| Out-of-class study hours | 100 | | |
| Academic calendar | | | |
| Class begins | 01/03/2021 | | |
| Class ends | 11/06/2021 | | |
| Syllabus | | | |
| Expected learning outcomes | Attendance/exam passing of Cytology and Histology and Zoology courses is strongly suggested • Knowledge and understanding on: O Acquisition of theoretical and operational skills with reference to basic Comparative Anatomy and Embryology, in order to learn the morphofunctional, reproductive and developmental mechanisms of Vertebrates in a comparative and evolutionary context. These skills will be acquired thanks to the attendance of theoretical lessons, individual study and laboratory sessions • Applying knowledge and understanding on: O Acquisition of operational skills useful for data collecting and analyses in the field of comparative anatomy and embryology, such as some evaluations in reproductive biology and identification of anatomical mounts. • Making informed judgments and choices: O Acquisition of autonomy in areas related to the evaluation and interpretation of experimental data for the study of comparative anatomy and embryology, ability in comparing biological structures and explaining variation in the light of interacting evolutionary, developmental and adaptive processes. • Communicating knowledge and understanding: O Acquisition of the appropriate vocabulary and terminology related to comparative anatomy and embryology to be able to understand any further information through a specific bibliography and prepare a relation or speech in | | |
| | Capacities to continue learning: Acquisition of the ability to investigate and read further information about the | | |

| | disciplines with a critical spirit, through the consultation of texts and databases | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Contents | Comparative anatomy: basic concepts, relations among shape, function and evolution | | | | | | |
| | The comparative method. Homology and analogy. Evolution and phylogeny of major vertebrate taxa. Relationships between phylogeny and ontogeny. Structures, function | | | | | | |
| | | | | and evolution of the integument, skeleton, musculature, nervous system, sense organs | | | |
| | digestive system, respiratory system, circulatory system, uro-genital system and endocrine glands. Embryology: Gametogenesis. Fertilization. Ontogenic processes. Developmental stages of amphioxus, amphibians, fish, birds and mammals. Embryonic adnexa: yolk sac, amnion chorion, allantois, placenta. Outline of organogenesis. | | | | | | |
| | | | | Course program | | | |
| | | | | Bibliography | Stingo V. Anatomia comparata. Edi-Ermes | | |
| | | | | | Giavini E. e Menegola E. Manuale di Anatomia comparata. EdiSES | | |
| | | | | | Menegola E. et al. Manuale di Biologia dello Sviluppo Animale. EdiSES. | | |
| | Notes | | | | | | |
| Teaching methods | Lectures with the use of PowerPoint; laboratory exercitations with microscope slides, | | | | | | |
| | anatomical specimens and models. | | | | | | |
| Assessment methods | Oral exam | | | | | | |
| Evaluation criteria | Knowledge and understanding: | | | | | | |
| | Students should demonstrate good knowledge about each topic and the ability | | | | | | |
| | of interrelating them. Memorizing without understanding is meaningless. | | | | | | |
| | Applying knowledge and understanding: | | | | | | |
| | o Appropriate descriptions apart, students should focus about morpho- | | | | | | |
| | functional, evolutionary, and developmental aspects organs, systems and | | | | | | |
| | processes described. They should demonstrate understanding about possible | | | | | | |
| | evolutionary pathways leading to the present features. | | | | | | |
| | Autonomy of judgment: | | | | | | |
| | In presenting a given topic, students should be able to illustrate and combined | | | | | | |
| | concepts from various parts of the program to underline how different systems | | | | | | |
| | are integrated in a given function e.g., in discussing flight the contribution of | | | | | | |
| | the integument, skeleton, muscles, nervous system, sense organs, and | | | | | | |
| | respiratory system should be evidenced. | | | | | | |
| | Communicating knowledge and understanding | | | | | | |
| | Students should use correct technical terms in describing structures and | | | | | | |
| | processes and explain them when required. Simple drawings made during the | | | | | | |
| | examination to better explain the topics are appreciated. | | | | | | |
| | Capacities to continue learning: | | | | | | |
| | Although the suggested textbooks cover the topics as much as possible | | | | | | |
| | research is always in progress so some updates will be given during the lessons | | | | | | |
| | The ability of students to integrate these contents with those from the | | | | | | |
| | textbooks will be evaluated. | | | | | | |
| Further information | teathooks will be evaluated. | | | | | | |
| Further information | | | | | | | |