UNIVERSITY OF BARI ALDO MORO Department of Economics and Finance

SILLABUS

COURSE OF STUDY: STATISTICAL SCIENCES

ACADEMIC YEAR: 2023/24

ACADEMIC SUBJECT: HISTORY OF FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE MARKETS

General information		
Year of the course	Second years	
Academic calendar (starting	First semester	
and ending date)		
Credits (CFU/ETCS):	6 CFU	
SSD	SECS-P/12	
Language	Italian	
Mode of attendance	In presence	

Professor/ Lecturer	
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Telephone	080/5049226 – 080/5049227
Department and address	Bari - Department of Economics and Finance, Largo Abbazia S. Scolastica
Virtual room	Microsoft Teams
Office Hours (and modalities: e.g., by appointment, on line,	Wednesday from 9:30 to 10:30 (in presence or remotely on Teams), by appointment to be agreed with the teacher at the institutional email address
etc.)	potito.quercia@uniba.it

Work schedule						
Hours						
Total	In-presence tead	ching	(laboratory, minars, field tri	-	working	Self study
150	42					108
CFU/ETCS						
6 CFU		·		_		

Learning Objectives	The course aims to provide a sufficiently broad framework on the formation and evolution of the international financial and insurance systems, between the modern and contemporary ages. It intends to analyze the constituent elements, the structure and organization of the main insurance and financial markets, their specificities and their functioning, as well as the management strategies adopted both in the phases of economic expansion and in those of crisis. Furthermore, it aims to illustrate the monetary and financial transformations that have influenced and, in many cases, conditioned the development of the main national economies over the various eras. To this end, in addition to outlining the economic context in which the various financial and insurance organizations operated, the formation of the monetary system in Western countries and the expansion of credit markets in the era of globalization assume an important significance. During the theoretical lessons, the main aspects and characteristics of the markets are analysed, to allow an informed analysis and a correct
Course prerequisites	interpretation of the phenomena they generate. General knowledge of the main themes of contemporary history and their
	periodization.

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Teaching strategie	In addition to the frontal lessons, seminar lessons are planned on in-depth topics with the involvement of the students.
Expected learning outcomes in	At the end of the course, the student must demonstrate that he has acquired a
terms of	good knowledge of the organization and functioning of the financial and
	insurance markets; you must be able to understand and critically evaluate the
	economic events and dynamics of modern capitalism, as well as show a
	satisfactory capacity for analysis and synthesis. Finally, you will have to present
	the topics covered by the course with an appropriate technical language,
	showing an ability for autonomous re-elaboration and interdisciplinary
	connections. The exams will aim to ascertain the independence of judgment,
	communication skills and learning ability, knowledge and understanding and the
Manufada and understanding	ability to know how to apply them.
Knowledge and understanding	The student will have the opportunity to learn and understand the economic, social and institutional processes that have characterized the development of
on:	the financial and insurance markets.
Applying knowledge and	To better understand the complexity of the dynamics underlying the financial
understanding on:	and insurance markets, students will be able to apply what they have learned
unucistanum g om	through the use of documentary sources and tools also available on the web.
Soft skills	Judgment autonomy
	The student will be able to evaluate the economic dynamics and develop a
	critical analysis of the factors that characterize the insurance and financial
	markets.
	Communication skills
	The student will acquire a lexical and conceptual heritage essential for the
	exposure of the topics covered by the course.
	Ability to learn
	The student will experience a participatory teaching method focused on group work, and will develop the ability to independently learn and re-elaborate the
	contents of the course.
Syllabus	
Content knowledge	The articulation of the course is divided into two parts. The first, divided into
	seven modules, is concerned with outlining the formation of the European
	financial system, analyzing the evolution of the capital market, and illustrating
	the main financial instruments created in the different phases of expansion and
	development of the economy. The various issues, listed below, are addressed in
	a comparative key, and have as a common thread the close relationship between
	economic development and the modern capitalist system:
	- The European economy and maritime trade in the modern age
	- Business and finance in pre-industrial Europe
	- Corporations and English industrialisation: financial aspects
	- Managerial capitalism and the capital market
	- Intermediary-oriented financial systems: banks and corporate governance
	- Corporate finance and the Italian banking system in the second half of the 19th
	century
	- Industrial credit and financial crises in Italy in the 20th century
	The second part of the course, also divided into seven modules, aims to illustrate
	the origins of insurance and the evolution of insurance practices, between the
	modern and contemporary ages. In particular, it intends to analyze the structure
	and dynamics of the risk markets in the period in which the insurance contract
	and dynamics of the risk markets in the period in which the insurance contract took place between private economic subjects, as opposed to the subsequent
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	took place between private economic subjects, as opposed to the subsequent
	took place between private economic subjects, as opposed to the subsequent phase where, instead, we witness the formation of the first companies in the modern sense. A further aspect that is addressed in this section concerns the evolution of the insurance branches and the birth of social insurance.
	took place between private economic subjects, as opposed to the subsequent phase where, instead, we witness the formation of the first companies in the modern sense. A further aspect that is addressed in this section concerns the

	- Origins and first developments of insurance in Italy and in the main markets
	Mediterranean
	- The risk market in the age of mercantilism
	- The European insurance environment in the contemporary age
	- Insurance during the first industrial revolution
	- Private insurance and social insurance between the 19th and 20th centuries
	- Expansion of insurance business and development of public and private
	markets Italians in the 20th century
	- Welfare and social security in Italy in the last decades.
Texts and readings	- FORNASARI M., Finanza d'impresa e sistemi finanziari. Un profilo storico,
	Torino, Giappichelli, 2012.
	- DE SIMONE E., Breve storia delle assicurazioni, Milano, Franco Angeli, 2011.
	- QUERCIA P., La gestione dei rischi marittimi nel Mediterraneo occidentale della
	seconda metà del XVI secolo attraverso il mercato assicurativo balearico, Bari,
	Cacucci, 2013, cap. I, pp. 11-31.
Notes, additional materials	
Repository	Lecture notes and other in-depth bibliographic material provided by the teacher
	during the course of the lessons.

Assessment	
Assessment methods	For students attending the course, the assessment of knowledge, ability to analyze and autonomously re-elaborate the topics covered, takes place through two ongoing tests, structured with various types of items (multiple choice, correlation, etc.). The first focuses on the history of financial markets; the second, however, concerns the history of the insurance markets. The two verification tests intend, firstly, to ascertain the degree of learning achieved by the student and the effectiveness of the teaching action; secondly, they aim to acquire objective evaluation elements that will contribute to the definition of the final grade; moreover, they constitute an exemption from one or more parts of the programme. For non-attending students there is a written test on the contents of the reference texts.
Assessment criteria	Failure to pass one or both of the tests does not affect the student's ability to attend the pre-established exam session and to face the oral exam, which will cover a part, or the whole of the program, if both tests are insufficient. In the case of passing the ongoing checks, the exam is completed with a discussion that will focus on the contents of the course.
Final exam and grading criteria	The final evaluation will be the result of the average of the marks obtained in the aforementioned tests and in the seminar project carried out by the student during the course. For non-attending students, the exam includes only the oral exam on the topics indicated in the course programme. The exam, only in the cases provided for by the laws and regulations, can also take place through the use of digital technologies. In this case, the procedures for conducting the exam and assessing knowledge will be indicated on the teacher's personal page and on the study course portal. On the basis of the checks, an evaluation expressed out of thirty will be formulated.
Further information	