

General information		
Academic subject	Semiotics of Law and Intercultural Translation	
Degree course	L-14 Juridical Sciences for Immigration, Human Rights and	
	Interculturalism	
Academic Year	2022-23	
European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System (ECTS) 6		
Language	Italian	
Academic calendar (starting and	ending date) Second Semester	
Attendance	See article 4 of the "Course Guidelines" available on	
	the Course webpage.	

Professor/ Lecturer	
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	the Mediterranean: Society, Environment and Cultures
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Virtual headquarters	Microsoft Teams
Tutoring (time and day)	Students will be received before and after lessons at the
	Dipartimento Jonico in "Sistemi giuridici ed economici del
	Mediterraneo: società, ambiente, culture" - Via Duomo ex
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Syllabus	
Learning Objectives	Considering the discipline's positioning in the context of the degree course in Juridical Sciences for Immigration, Human Rights and Interculturalism, as well as its specific orientation as semiotics of law and intercultural translation, the course is intended to contribute to student capacity for knowledge and understanding relatively to the topics addressed and reference texts, as well as to the problematics and perspectives they imply, therefore overall to the capacity for understanding, for making judgements and to the development of communicative skills with specific reference to theory and practice related to the discipline.
Course prerequisites	Lessons in Semiotics of Law and Intercultural Translation are open to all students enroled in the course.
Contents	The topics treated in the course are oriented to offer students in « Semiotics of Law and intercultural Translation » elements and perspectives for the construction of a methodological and critical approach to the



problematics at the centre of this course, developing and enriching the capacity for interpretation, comprehension and discussion. The semiotic approach contributes to development of the capacity for reflection on the construction, contents and on the orientation of texts both in the verbal and nonverbal spheres, in ordinary and specialized discourse genres, therefore it favours development of communicative skills, the capacity for judgement and dialogical encounter. In the first "line" of teaching, the one that will follow the essay Masters of Signs and Builders of Peace as a guide, the relationship between signs and values, between semiotics and axiology will be deepened from a semioethic perspective. The "vocation" of signs (including words) is the interpretation of others, the encounter with other signs, with other words, with dialogue, with the practice of listening. Under this point of view there is in the "nature" of the signs and words an orientation for a sort of "preventive peace". The fundamental practice of using signs is translation, the encounter with other signs, with other words already in the same system, in the same language, as well as in other systems and in other languages. Speaking is in general communicating, meaning and translating into an inevitable relationship between identity and otherness. This can somehow explain the interest - on the part of those who deal with semiotics, philosophy of language and, in general, the sciences of signs for a relationship with others, with others. In contrast to what circulates today under the name of "preventive war" (to justify military interventions "just and necessary" and also qualified as "humanitarian"), with Emmanuel Levinas we can call this interest and orientation a "preventive peace". In the second "line of teaching", supported by the theses contained in Peace, pacification, pacifism and their languages, the multiple meaning and value that the word "Peace" can assume will be deepened. "Peace" is a word that lends itself to multiple meanings. This is more evident today as a consequence of globalization, which gives rise to plans aimed at "world peace" or "a world of peace". The justification of war is also used with the aim of "maintaining" or "realizing" peace, qualifying the decision to war as "preventive" in the name of "freedom" and "democracy": preventive war, therefore, and, in as such, "just and necessary"; and, since this noble objective is proposed towards "humanity", also "humanitarian warfare". The propensity for peace is also often simply an attitude of "pacification" of one's own conscience: there are the pacifists and there are the peacemakers of their own conscience. The idea of peace is connected with the idea that it is an affair of the subject, whether it depends on a subject, individual or collective, recognizing its existence, establishing its characteristics, conditions and ways to achieve it. On the contrary, peace is with the other, together with the other, in dialogue with the other, listening to the other.



Books and bibliography	Susan Petrilli, a cura di, <i>Maestri di Segni e Costruttori di Pace</i> , Milano, Mimesis, 2021.
	Susan Petrilli, a cura di, <i>Pace, pacificazione, pacifismo e i loro linguaggi,</i> Milano, Mimesis, 2017.
Additional materials	

Work schedule				
Total	Lectures		Hands on (Laboratory, working groups, seminars, field trips)	Out-of-class study hours/ Self-study hours
Hours	1			
150	48			102
ECTS	1			
6				
Teaching strateg	у			
			on to lessons, seminars and workshops will be	
		held to e	explore issues proposed during the course.	
Expected learnin	g outcomes			
Knowledge and u		As a global science of signs, a cognitive science, but also as "semioethics", that is, a sign science connected to the science of values, semiotics allows for the acquisition of knowledge and respective understanding on the methodological, linguistic-philosophical and also the critical and ethical orders. The student will develop knowledge and the capacity for understanding of the language of semiotics and its specific terminology, with special reference to the semiotics of law and intercultural translation, to the typology of signs and sign systems, the different spheres of sign activity, verbal and nonverbal sign functions.		e r ific s
Applying knowle understanding o		sense, se compete texts, or language elaborat texts and ordinary particula and inte Acquisiti correspo enable t	s theory of interpretation, meaning, significance emiotics provides instruments, knowledge and ences for understanding, analyzing and develop al and written, whether in Italian or in foreign es. Such competences are necessary for the ion, critical interpretation and comprehension of d discourses both in the ordinary genres of life, and of professional genres, in this case wit ar reference to issues relating to the semiotics o rculturalism.	ing of h f law, translation



	fields of action. This is thanks also to the versatility
	characteristically afforded by the human sciences, an
	orientation that invests semiotics with its special
	semioethic approach.
Soft skills	Making informed judgments and choices
	A central goal is to learn how to formulate and express
	critical opinions à propos intercultural encounter, relating
	particularly to the spheres of immigration, human rights,
	multiculturalism, plurilingualism and translation, linguistic and semiotic in the broadest sense possible.
	Communicating knowledge and understanding
	 Communicating knowledge and understanding The exercise of logical reasoning and analysis of different
	types of inferential procedure – deduction, induction,
	abduction – carry out a fundamental role in the
	development of interpretive and communicative abilities.
	Application of knowledge acquired in the field of
	semiotics and linguistics coincides with the active exercise
	of communication techniques and of text criticism and
	with the development of the autonomous capacity for
	deconstruction, decodification, interpretation, for
	communication that is efficient and appropriate with respect to different.
	Capacities to continue learning
	Through an understanding of the nature of the sign,
	verbal and non-verbal, and of inferential processes,
	semiotics contributes to development of the learning
	capacity, both of the linguistic order with reference to
	specific historical-natural languages and to specific special
	languages internally to the historical-natural languages,
	and of the broader cultural order. These are particularly
	important cognitive and practical skills to acquire when
	dealing with problematics connected with culture and
	society, focused on juridical and economic issues whether
	on a local, national or international level.
	This approach also allows for the best use possible of
	reference materials and encourages independent
	research with respect to course content. The acquisition
	of such skills will be evaluated through tutorials and oral examinations.

Assessment and feedback	
Methods of assessment	As established by teaching regulations, exams in
	Semiotics of Law and Intercultural Translation are oral.
Evaluation criteria	Exams will evaluate the acquisition of competencies
	relative to understanding and application of the languages of Semiotics of
	Law and Intercultural Translation and



	specific terminology; of issues addressed during the course, and which also emerge from an individual reading of the texts indicated. Knowledge of main modern and contemporary theories in Semiotics of Law and Intercultural Translation will be evaluated; the capacity to interconnect a variety of specific themes; terminological and rhetorical capacities; acquisition of skills in understanding, critique, judgement, interpretation, acquisition of knowledge and communication; basic notions concerning the translational capacity among different spheres of experience, cultural fields, languages and special languages. Acquisition of competencies allowing for interpretation and response to the signs of
	the social, on both a local and global level, through conceptual instruments relevant to the juridical sciences for immigration, human rights and interculturalism.
Criteria for assessment and attribution of the final mark	
	 Skills to be evaluated also include the ability to understand the complexity of the communication process in its verbal and non-verbal aspects, in relation to both the local and international socio-cultural context, and to the production of material and immaterial goods; the capacity to formulate independent judgements, to interpret signs and values, to argue, orient discourse in a critical sense, and take standpoints with respect to different points of view, different axiological parametres and different logics; the capacity to communicate efficiently, to transmit ideas consciously and relevantly through both oral and written formulations, keeping account of the presence of the other, the interlocutor; ultimately, also to be evaluated is the inventive capacity for new intuitions, the ability to plan, and to organize projects for their material realization.
Additional information	
	Exam dates are published on the Degree course website and on the Esse3 platform. Exams can only be booked through the Esse3 platform. A official ID card must be presented to sit for exams. Email adress: <u>dario.dellino@tin.it</u>
	Erasmus students will participate in the same courses, as described above and share the same syllabus. It will be



possible to do exams in English, if so desired.	
Dissertations: Students can ask to do their dissertation in Semiotics of Law and Intercultural Translation on consulting first with the professor responsible for the discpline. Dissertations must be booked at least six months before discussion at the graduation ceremony.	