General Information		
Academic subject	Sociology	
Degree course	Law	
Curriculum		
ECTS credits	6	
Compulsory attendance	No	
Language	Italian	

Subject teacher	Name Surname	Mail address	SSD
	Pierluca Massaro		SPS/12

ECTS credits details	Area	CFU/ETCS
Basic teaching activities	14	6

Class schedule	
Period	I semester
Year	IV
Type of class	Lectures

Time management	
Hours	150
In-class study hours	48
Out-of-class study hours	90

Academic calendar	
Class begins	13 th September 2021
Class ends	10 th December 2021

Syllabus	
Prerequisites/requirements	
Expected learning outcomes	Knowledge and understanding on: o the fundamental principles and concepts of criminology and the development of criminological thought, as well as a knowledge of the main etiological theories.
	Applying knowledge and understanding on: o to use the theoretical knowledge acquired for the purpose of understanding the main criminal phenomena and the functioning of the criminal justice system.
	Making informed judgments and choices: o Autonomy of judgment as a capacity for critical analysis on the topics under study and ability to take positions argued from a sociological point of view;
	Communicating knowledge and understanding Communication skills with reference to the ability to argue the knowledge acquired, through an appropriate technical-scientific language.
	Capacities to continue learning Ability to learn by deepening their knowledge, also in order to undertake more advanced studies

Contents	Criminology as a science: the object of study and research tools. At the origins of modern criminology: the utilitarianism approach of Beccaria and Bentham; Positivism and the Positive School. Cesare Lombroso: intuitions and limits. Criminology in Italy after Lombroso. Criminology as an etiological science: the main theories: the biological orientation, the sociological orientation and the psychological orientation. The main multifactorial theories. Criminology and psychiatry: the DSM and mental disorders. Asylums, OPG and REMS. The prison institution: health in prison and alternatives to detention. The penal Welfarism Crisis and Restorative Justice. The fear of crime and the security issue: the new trajectories of Criminology in the context of post-modernity. Victimology: the needs and rights of victims of crime. The case of vehicular homicide: Criminology and Criminal policy. The controversial relationship between migration and crime: interpretations, studies and data. The culturally motivated crime. Crime in a global world: globalization and crime.
Course program	
Bibliography	- P. Martucci, D. Riponti, Nuove pagine di criminologia, Cedam, 2017.
Notes	None
Teaching methods	Frontal lesson
Assessment methods	Oral examination
Evaluation criteria	 Knowledge and understanding The student will have to demonstrate that he has acquired a good knowledge and understanding on the fundamental principles and concepts of criminology and the development of criminological thought, as well as a knowledge of the main etiological theories. Applying knowledge and understanding The student will have to demonstrate that he has acquired a good knowledge and understanding on to use the theoretical knowledge acquired for the purpose of understanding the main criminal phenomena and the functioning of the criminal justice system Autonomy of judgment The student will have to demonstrate that he has acquired an autonomy of judgment as a capacity for critical analysis on the topics under study and ability to take positions argued from a sociological point of view; Communicating knowledge and understanding The student will have to demonstrate that he has acquired good communicating knowledge and understanding The student will have to demonstrate that he has acquired good communication skills The student will have to demonstrate that he has acquired communication skills The student will have to demonstrate that he has acquired communication skills with reference to the ability to argue the knowledge acquired, through an appropriate technical-scientific language.