ANATOMIC PATHOLOGY part 1 NODbis (ongoing test)

REGRESSIVE PROCESSES

Cell adaptation and damage

Atrophy

Turbid degeneration

Vacuolar degeneration

Jalinosis and Statosis

Amiloydosis

Glycogenosid

Necrosis types and classification: coagulative, colliquative, enzymatic, caseous, gommous,

fibrinoid, steatonecrosis, gangrene

Apoptosis

Pathologi pigmentations

ALTERATIONS OF BLOOD FLOW

Anemia

Stasis in the lungs, spleen and liver

Hamorrhage: pathogenesis, terminology

Thrombosis: patogenesis. Arterial, venous and endocardic thrombosis; evolution of thrombi

Embolism

Infarct: causes, evolution, consequences; pathological features in the lung, heart, brain,

kidney and spleen

NON SPECIFIC INFLAMMATION

Acute and chronic inflammation, diffuse and circumscribed inflammation, granulomas

Etiology

Reparative processe

SPECIFIC INFLAMMATION

TΒ

Lue

Sarcoidosis

Actinomycosis

PROLIFERATIVE PROCESSES

Physiologic and pathologic proliferation

Hypertrophy

Hyperplasia

Metaplasia: epithelial and mesenchymal

Displasia: etiology, morphology, grading, evolution

Neoplasms: histogenesis; epithelial, lymphoid, neural and mesenchymal tumours. Etiology, biologic behaviour, macro- and microscopic features, grading and staging, dissemination and metastases.

TECHNICAL NOTES ON CYTOLOGY, HISTOLOGY, HISTOCHEMISTRY, IMMUNOHISTOCHEMISTRY, MOLECULAR HYBRIDIZATION, ELECTRON MICROSCOPY: general applications and contribution to the diagnosis

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

Aterosclerosis: etiology, morphology of elementary and complicated lesions

Morphological patterns in angina, unstable angina, myocardial infarction, sudden

coronary death

Vasculitides: morphological patterns

Aneurisms: classification, etiopathogenesis, morphology and complications

Dissecting Aneurism: predisposing factor, natural history, morphology and complications.

Ischaemic myocardiopathy: morphology, evolution and complications.

Myocardial hypertrophy and heart failure.

Cardiomyopathies: morphological features; the role of myocardial biopsy.

Endocarditis

Myocarditis

Morphological features of valvular stenosi and insufficiency

Pericariditis and pericardial effusions.

Heart tumours

CONGENITAL ABNORMALITIES

Epidemiology, embyology and morphology

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

LUNG

Congenital anomalies

Blood flow disturbancies: oedema, thrombosis, embolism, infarct.

Atelestasia and emphysema: etiopathogenesis and morphology

Chronic obstructive pneumopathy: pathogenesis and morphology.

Lobar pneumonia, bronchopneumonia, lung abscess: etio-pathogenesis, morphology and complications.

Restrictive pneumopathies and interstitial pneumonias.

Tuberculosis and sarcoidosis: pathogenesis and morphology.

Pneumoconiosis: pathogenesis and morphology

Primary and metastatic lung tumours: pathogenesis, morphology, evolution and complications, grading and staging, Paraneoplastic syndromes and endocrine lung tumours.

PLEURA

Pleural effusions: definitions, pathogenesisi and morphology.

Pleuritis: pathogenesis and morphology

Primary and secondary tumours: pathogensis and morphology.

SUGGESTED TEXTBOOKS

Wheater: Essential histopathology (2003)

Kumar – Abbas – Fausto - Aster: Robbins & Cotran – Pathological bases of disease. Vol. 1&2, 9th Ed.