



COURSE OF STUDY: L-39-L-40 – Social Science and Sociology – Sociology L-40 (in common with 2nd L39 – Social Science) ACADEMIC YEAR: 2023-2024

ACADEMIC SUBJECT: European Union Law

General information	
Year of the course	Second
Academic calendar (starting	I semester (18/07/2023-7/12/2023)
and ending date)	
Credits (CFU/ETCS):	8
SSD	IUS-14
Language	Italian
Mode of attendance	Although the attendance is not compulsory, it is highly recommended

Professor/ Lecturer	
Name and Surname	Angela Maria Romito
E-mail	angelamaria.romito@uniba.it
Telephone	080-5717775
Department and address	Department of Political Sciences
Virtual room	Microsoft Teams
Office Hours (and modalities:	Wednesday mornings from 9 a.m. preferably on appointment by e-mail.
e.g., by appointment, on line,	The day and hour may be subject to change as a result of the teaching
etc.)	timetable. Precise details will be published on the web page
	www.uniba.it/it/ricerca/dipartimenti/scienze-politiche/docenti

Work schedule			
Hours			
Total	Lectures	Hands-on (laboratory, workshops, working groups, seminars, field trips)	Out-of-class study hours/ Self-study hours
200	64		136
CFU/ETCS			
8			

Learning Objectives	The aim of the course is to engage students in the legal dynamics of the
	EU in order to cultivate the exercise of active citizenship. Having acquired
	the basic elements of the EU (institutional profiles), Once the basic
	elements (institutional profiles) have been acquired, attention will be paid
	to the most interesting issues of the internal market from a sociological
	perspective.
Course prerequisites	Public law

Teaching strategie	Frontal teaching with the support of media tools (slides, videos, documentaries).
	In order to involve students, weekly seminar discussions will be held.
	If possible, colleagues from other universities, foreign lecturers and experts in the field will also be involved in the teaching activities.
Expected learning outcomes	





in terms of	
Knowledge and	Students must be able to:
understanding on:	- to understand the theoretical and applicative elements inherent to
	EU legal system.
	- to understand the legal texts
	- to know the contents of the most significant Court rulings
	submitted to them know the fundamental notions concerning the
	main institutions of EU law;
Applying knowledge and	Students will be able to:
understanding on:	 deal with the issues involved in the application of EU rules
_	 analyse concrete cases brought to their attention by the lecturer;
	 analyse and interpret legal texts and case law;
Soft skills	By the end of the course the student must be able to
	- investigate, on the basis of the acquired knowledge tools, the
	application outcomes of the EU rules,
	- autonomously elaborate a critical, legally supported evaluation in
	this regard,
	- develop original ideas on the basis of a systematic and critically
	aware understanding of the acquired knowledge
Syllabus	
	autonomous but integrated from the point of view of content: the first relating to institutional law and the second dedicated to the internal market. I) The origins and evolution of European integration. The structure and fundamental principles of the European Union. The division of competences between the EU and the Member States. The institutional framework of the European Union: The European Council. The Council. The European Parliament. The European Commission., The High Representative for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy. The European Ombudsman. The Court of Justice and the General Court and judicial protection in particular actions for failure to fulfil obligations, for annulment, actions for failure to act and reference for a preliminary ruling. The sources of EU law: the rules of the Treaties and the Charter of Fundamental Rights. Regulations. Directives. Decisions. Recommendations. Opinions. The interinstitutional standard-setting procedures. Popular legislative initiative. The relationship between EU law and national law.
	II) European citizenship. The internal market with particular reference to the free movement of persons also in the perspective of the right to family reunification. Analysis of the most relevant case law on the subject. The protection of migrant minors, analysis of the most relevant jurisprudence on the subject. Social rights: social policy and rights in the EU. Legal framework, the European Pillar of Social Rights, analysis of the most relevant case law on





	the subject. Public health; environment protection.
Texts and readings	Books:
	U. VILLANI, E. TRIGGIANI, Comprendere l'Unione europea, Bari, Cacucci
	2022; CAPITOLI:I-XII, XIX-XX e XXIII e XXVI.
	TRATTATO DI LISBONA (on line; distribuited by EUROPEDIRECT PUGLIA -
	Via Suppa 9 - subject to availability of copies).
Notes, additional materials	Any additional teaching material will be made available via the lecturer
	page.
	Compulsory will be the consultation of legal reference texts such as the
	Treaties on the European Union
Repository	

Assessment	
Assessment methods	The method of verifying the expected learning outcomes is represented by the oral exam, which consists of a minimum of three questions on the teaching program. The vote is expressed in thirtieths. If the candidate does not demonstrate knowledge, at least sufficient, of basic topics in the teaching area, it will not be possible to proceed with the subsequent questions. At the teacher's discretion, an intermediate (optional) test may be scheduled, to be conducted either in the form of an interview or in written form (multiple choice and/or open-ended questions). Students who pass the mid-term test, whose grade will be taken into account in the final assessment, will complete the examination by taking the oral examination on the section of European Union law not covered by the "exemption" For those who do not pass the mid-term test, refuse the grade or do not take it, the oral examination will cover the entire syllabus.
Assessment criteria	The method of assessing the knowledge and skills acquired is as described above. The final mark is determined by all the assessments made by the examining Commission with reference to clarity of presentation, completeness of knowledge acquired, ownership of subject-specific vocabulary, depth of knowledge, ability to analyse the questions and provide appropriate answers. **Knowledge and understanding:** • The student will know the functioning of the institutional contours of European Union law and its impact on everyday life. **Applied knowledge and understanding:* • The student will acquire the basic knowledge of the subject necessary to pursue enrolment in Master's degree courses **Autonomy of judgement:* • The student will acquire an ability to critically evaluate the phenomenon of European integration within the framework of a global international community. **Communication skills:**





	The student will master the communication techniques
	related to the discipline being examined by acquiring the
	terminology proper to the technical-legal language.
	Learning skills:
	The student will have to demonstrate his or her learning
	skills and autonomy of judgement in relation to the
	complexity of the phenomenon of European integration by means of timely consultation of texts and documents, analysis of cases, group activities.
Final exam and grading	The way of testing the expected learning outcomes is the oral test, which
criteria	consists of a minimum of three questions on the teaching programme. The grade is expressed in thirtieths. If the candidate does not demonstrate at least sufficient knowledge of the basic topics of the teaching programme, subsequent questions cannot be taken. The criteria followed for the assessment of learning outcomes expressed in thirtieths are:
	Insufficient: 0-17
	Lack of, incomplete and inadequate knowledge of the topics contained in the syllabus, candidates' use of non-legal vocabulary.
	Sufficient: 18-20
	Sufficient knowledge of the topics contained in the syllabus and overall adequacy of the legal vocabulary used by candidates.
	Fair: 21-23 Fair knowledge of the topics contained in the syllabus, fair ability to argue and make connections between the various topics, use of appropriate legal vocabulary by the candidates.
	Good: 24-26
	Good knowledge of the topics contained in the syllabus, good capacity for in-depth analysis and criticism, through the use of an adequate legal vocabulary by the candidates.
	Distinguished: 27-28
	More than good knowledge of the topics contained in the syllabus, more than good capacity for in-depth study, for linking the various topics, for critique and mastery of legal vocabulary by the candidates.
	Excellent: 29-30
	Very good knowledge of the topics contained in the syllabus, very good ability to deepen, to link between the different topics, as well as criticism and mastery of the legal vocabulary by the candidates.
	Excellent: 30L
	Excellent knowledge of the topics contained in the syllabus, excellent
	capacity for in-depth study, for linking the various topics, for critique and mastery of the legal vocabulary on the part of the candidates.
Further information	mastery of the legal vocabalary on the part of the candidates.