



ACADEMIC YEAR 2022/2023

General information	
Academic subject	BIOLOGY
Integrated didactic modules	ZOOLOGY
	BOTANY
Degree course	Veterinary Medicine – LM42
Academic Year	1
European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System (ECTS) 6	
Language	Italian
Academic calendar	1 st 7 weeks period
Attendance	Mandatory

Professor/ Lecturer	E-mail address	Telephone nr,
Caterina Longo	caterina.longo@uniba.it	0805443357
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Antonella Bottalico	antonella.bottalico@uniba.it	0805442163
Headquarters	Campus of Veterinary Medicine – sp 62 Casamassima km 3 70010 Valenzano	
Virtual headquarters	Microsoft Teams code – Zoology: hqvawes; Botany: uzb05kf	
Tutoring (time and day)	Prof. C. Longo: Monday 11:30-13:30 am and 3:0	0-4:00 pm on TEAMS, exclusively by
	appointment via e	email
	Prof. A. Bottalico: Tuesdays 9:00-11:00 am and W	/ednesdays 9:00-11:00 am and 3:00-
	4:00 pm by appointment (phone or e-mail) a	t the teacher office (Campus "E.
	Quagliariello", Via Orabona, 4 701	· ·

Syllabus	
Learning Objectives	The course aims to provide students with knowledge relating to the fundamental principles of animal and plant biology, zoology and botany necessary for practicing the medical veterinary profession in all relevant sectors.
Course prerequisites	There are no specific prerequisites other than those required for the access to the degree course. Basic knowledge of animal and plant biology, zoology and botany acquired at secondary level studies will facilitate the understanding of many covered topics.





Content of the didactic	The contents of the module are related to the area of Basic Subjects are:	
module of:	Introduction	
Zoology	Characteristics of living organisms. Division into Kingdoms. Definition of animal. The	
Professor:	chemistry of life, the main classes of organic macromolecules.	
Caterina LONGO	Fundamental principles of animal life	
	The animal cell: evolution, organization and functioning. Mitosis and meiosis.	
Frontal teaching	Reproduction and development	
CFU: 4	Asexual and sexual reproduction. Hermaphroditism and gonochorism, sex	
	determination. Amphigony and parthenogenesis. General features of embryonic	
Hours: 32	development. Levels of animal organization: protostomes and deuterostomes,	
	diblastic and triblastic, symmetry, metamery and body cavity.	
	Fundaments of comparative morphology and physiology	
	The integument. Skeletal systems. The movement. Breathing, circulation. Nutrition	
	and digestion. Nervous system and sense organs.	
	Animal diversity	
	Definition of biological diversity: genetic diversity, diversity at the species level,	
	diversity at the community / ecosystem level.	
	The value and function of biodiversity. Threats to animal diversity.	
	Taxonomy and structural plans of animals	
	Nomenclature and animal classification. The animal architecture and bauplan.	
	Overview of the main animal phyla	
	Protozoa. Generality, characteristics and phylogeny of the main animal phyla:	
	Poriferans, Cnidarians, Mollusks (Gastropods, Bivalves and Cephalopods), Annelids,	
	Arthropods (Chelicerates, Crustaceans, Myriapods, Hexapods), Echinoderms,	
	Chordates (Urochordates, Cephalochordates and Vertebrates: Chondrichthyes,	
	Osteichthyes, Amphibians, Reptiles, Birds, Mammals).	
Books and bibliography	AT THE STUDENT'S CHOICE:	
books and bibliography	De Bernardi et al. (2012). Zoologia. Parte Generale. (Idelson-Gnocchi Ed.)	
	• Candia et al. (2016). Zoologia. Parte Sistematica. (Idelson-Gnocchi Ed.)	
	OR	
	Hickman et al. (2020). Fondamenti di zoologia. (McGraw-Hill Ed.)	
	Hickman et al. (2020). Diversità animale. (McGraw-Hill Ed.)	
Additional materials	During the course students will be provided with further bibliographical references as	
Additional matchais	well as slides, scientific articles and links to zoological web sites.	
Contents of the didactic	The contents provided refer to the Basic Subjects :	
module of:	Introduction: the Plant Kingdom and the Archaeplastida; the endosymbiotic	
Botany	theory; the concept of plant organism;	
	 Cytology: the plant cell; plastids; cell wall; vacuole; 	
Professor:	> Morphological and anatomical structure: primary and secondary meristematic	
Antonella BOTTALICO	and adult tissues; general organization, functions and specializations of the	
	main plant organs;	
Frontol toophing	Reproduction and development: Spermatophytes; life cycle of Angiosperms;	
Frontal teaching	reproduction and development. Spermatophytes, hje cycle of Angiosperms,	
CFU: 2	vegetative reproduction; sexual reproduction: the flower, pollination and	
	vegetative reproduction; sexual reproduction: the flower, pollination and	
CFU: 2	vegetative reproduction; sexual reproduction: the flower, pollination and fertilization, development of the fruit and dissemination; the seed: morphology	
	vegetative reproduction; sexual reproduction: the flower, pollination and fertilization, development of the fruit and dissemination; the seed: morphology and anatomy of the seed in Monocotyledons and Dicotyledons; hypogeal and	
CFU: 2	vegetative reproduction; sexual reproduction: the flower, pollination and fertilization, development of the fruit and dissemination; the seed: morphology	





	function of plants). ISBN: 978-88-299-2211-6 (ed. Piccin).
Additional materials	Multimedia presentations used by the teacher during lessons are available as a support.

Work schedule			
Total	Lectures	Hands on (Laboratory, working groups, seminars field trips)	s, Out-of-class study hours/ Self-study hours
Hours			
48	48	0	102
ECTS			
6	6	0	/
Teaching strate	gy		
		The course is structured in lectures for which the teachers use	multimedia presentations.
Expected learning	ng outcomes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Knowledge and understanding o	_	 At the end of the course the student must have acquired: basic knowledge and fundamental principles of animal life starting from t concepts of general zoology (animal cytology; reproductive and developmen biology) up to the description of the main animal phyla (main levels biodiversity; scientific nomenclature; structural models of the animal phyl structural, morphological and functional differences of the main animal phyla knowledge about the biology of plant organisms, with reference to those veterinary importance. In particular: To understand the cytological, anatomical and functional characteristics plants and to be able to correlate structure and function To know the reproductive mechanisms and how to interpret the life cycle To know the differentiation methods of cells, tissues and organs aimed performing specialized functions and the evolutionary path that led current forms 	
Applying knowl understanding o		 At the end of the course the student must have acquired: basic zoological skills and competences including too classification of the main animal phyla also through representative models and dichotomous keys; To develop the ability to carry out specific activity biology of plant organisms, including: the ability to recognize their structural organi processes in relation to the environment; to understand the basic elements for the mana natural plant resources, with particular refere importance. 	morphological analysis of ties aimed at studying the zation and their functional gement of natural and non-
Soft skills		 Making informed judgments and choices At the end of the course the student must have identification and interpretation of methodologically the distinctive characteristics of animal phyla; To collect and critically interpret scientific data in t field, describe and compare them; To propose generalizations; To apply the acquired knowledge to a proposed prob Communicating knowledge and understanding To present the acquired knowledge with a vo appropriate to the discipline; To exchange information and interact with other period 	adequate paths to describe he zoological and botanical lem. cabulary and terminology





Capacity to continue learning
 To understand and critically discuss important aspects of animal and plar biology;
 To extend autonomously the acquired knowledge by reading an understanding, specific texts or additional resources with scientific content;
• To use the newest topics of scientific papers related to the field of interest.

Assessment and feedback	
Methods of assessment	The assessment of each student is based on an oral examination. The Biology exam includes the simultaneous evaluation of both modules of Zoology and Botany. If one of the two modules is not passed, it is granted the possibility to complete the missing module within the first subsequent examination session, under penalty of invalidation of the already passed module. Participation in lectures and classroom discussions during the course will also be taken into account. The exam consists of: 1) presentation of animal taxa and related zoological insights; 2) presentation of a plant of veterinary importance with its botanical aspects; 2) a series of three to four questions that require the discussion of a topic, linked with other ones, in order to evaluate the acquired knowledge, reasoning and communication skills, the ability to solve practical problems. Overall, communication skills, the ability to link different topics and to synthesize are evaluated.
Evaluation criteria	 Knowledge and understanding To know appropriately, correctly and congruently the topics of the course with particular regard to cytological, histological, morphological/functional, ecological and environmental aspects; The student is called to apply the theoretical aspects acquired for the recognition, classification and description of the animal phyla also by means of comparative morphological analyzes of representative models. Applying knowledge and understanding The student must be able to apply the theoretical knowledge acquired by demonstrating the ability to recognize the main animal taxa studied during the course; To talk about a plant of veterinary importance, evaluating the cytological, histological, anatomical characteristics, relating them to the environment. Autonomy of judgment The student must be able to independently analyze the knowledge and skills acquired by demonstrating his ability to identify the morphological and structural characteristics necessary for the identification and taxonomic classification of the studied animal phyla; To create logical connections in the exposition and consequentiality in the connection of contents; To appropriately use a specific language and the synthesis ability, also through the graphic expression of notions and concepts (e.g. schemes and drawings) Capacitiy to continue learning To discuss problems in a constructive manner and to solve situations related to plants, demonstrating an in-depth analysis of the issues carried out
	autonomously by consulting specific scientific publications and databases.
Criteria for assessment and	The final mark of the Biology exam is expressed out of 30 obtained from the collegial
attribution of the final mark	evaluation of the two modules of Zoology and Botany. The exam is passed when the





	grade is greater than or equal to 18. The mere notional knowledge of terms and concepts is not sufficient for passing the exam. Knowledge and understanding, even applied, are essential for passing the exam. The development of transversal skills related to autonomy of judgment, communication skills and capacities to continue learning allows the student to achieve a high evaluation. To students with a strongly positive evaluation in both modules of Zoology and Botany, the Examination Commission may decide, unanimously, to award honours at the final mark of Biology (30 cum laude).
Additional information	